

Safety Data Sheet

POLYBRITE 71

Safety Data Sheet dated: 12/17/2021 - version 1

Date of first edition: 12/17/2021



1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: POLYBRITE 71

Trade code: 6PB71HS05

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Acrylic paint

Restrictions on use: N.A.

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Company: Polyglass U.S.A. Inc.

1111 West Newport Center Drive - 33442 - Deerfield Beach - FL - USA

Phone: 866-222-9782

Responsible: RDProductSafety@mapei.com

Emergency 24 hour numbers:

Emergency Number (USA/Canada) CHEMTREC 1(800) 424-9300 / 1(703) 527-3887

Emergency Transport CANUTEC (Canada) 1-613-996-6666

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION



Classification of the chemical

Aquatic Acute 3	Harmful to aquatic life
Aquatic Chronic 3	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Carc. 2	Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

Label elements

Pictograms and Signal Words



Warning

Hazard statements:

H351	Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity:

None

Hazards not otherwise classified identified during the classification process:

None

This product contains crystalline silica (quartz sand). IARC has classified crystalline silica as a Group 1 carcinogen. Both IARC and NTP consider silica as a known human carcinogen. Evidence is based on the chronic and long-term exposure workers have had to respirable sized crystalline silica dust particles. Because this product is in liquid or paste form, it does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. (Note: sanding of the hardened product may create a silica dust hazard)

This product contains titanium dioxide which IARC has classified as a Group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans).

Evidence is based on sufficient animal testing as a result of long-term inhalation at high concentrations of respirable amounts of titanium dioxide. Because this product is in liquid or paste form, it does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. (Note: sanding of the hardened product may create a dust hazard)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

N.A.

Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.1200 and related classification:

List of components

Concentration (% w/w)	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
5-10 %	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	CAS:13463-67-7 EC:236-675-5 Index:022-006-00-2	Carc. 2, H351	
1-2.5 %	ZINC OXIDE	CAS:1314-13-2 EC:215-222-5 Index:030-013-00-7	Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
0.25-0.49 %	Silica Sand	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372; Carc. 1A, H350	
0.1-0.25 %	BENZOPHENONE	CAS:119-61-9 EC:204-337-6	Carc. 2, H351; STOT RE 2, H373; Aquatic Acute 2, H401; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

N.A.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products: N.A.

Explosive properties: Not Relevant

Oxidizing properties: Not Relevant

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Exercise the greatest care when handling or opening the container.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store above freezing

Storage temperature: N.A.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

List of components with OEL value

Component	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Note
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	OSHA			15					
	ACGIH			10					A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen; lower respiratory tract irritation;
	MAK	GERMANY		0.3					
	ACGIH			10					A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen; lower respiratory tract irritation
	MAK	AUSTRIA		5		10			
	MAK	SWITZERLAND		3					
ZINC OXIDE	OSHA			5					
	OSHA			15					
	ACGIH			2		10			metal fume fever;
	ACGIH			2		10			metal fume fever
	MAK	AUSTRIA		5					
	MAK	SWITZERLAND		3					
Silica Sand	ACGIH			0.025					A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen; lung cancer; pulmonary fibrosis;
	ACGIH			0.025					A2 - Suspected Human

MAK	AUSTRIA	0.15
MAK	SWITZERLAND	0.15

Appropriate engineering controls: N.A.

Individual protection measures

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; 29 CFR 1910.138 - ANSI/ISEA 105:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness $\geq 0,35\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness $\geq 0,4\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Use impervious gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to 29 CFR 1910.134 - CSA Z94.4 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

N.A.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance and colour: liquid white/grey

Odour: mild

Odour threshold: Not Relevant

pH: 9.20

pH (water dispersion, 10%): 8.20

Melting point / freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: 100 °C (212 °F)

Evaporation rate: < 1 (BuOAc=1)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: No data available

Vapour density: Not Relevant

Vapour pressure: Not Relevant

Relative density: 1.48 g/cm³

Solubility in water: easily soluble

Solubility in oil: Not Relevant

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not Relevant

Auto-ignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity: No data available

Explosive properties: Not Relevant

Oxidizing properties: Not Relevant

Solid/gas flammability: Not Relevant

Other information

Substance Groups relevant properties Not Relevant

Miscibility: Not Relevant

Fat Solubility: Not Relevant

Conductivity: Not Relevant

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Data not available.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

Conditions to avoid

No data available

Incompatible materials

Data not available.

Hazardous decomposition products

Data not available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Information on toxicological effects****Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:**

TITANIUM DIOXIDE	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 10000 mg/kg
ZINC OXIDE	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
Silica Sand	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 500 mg/kg
BENZOPHENONE	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Skin Rabbit = 3535 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat > 10 g/kg LD50 Skin Rabbit = 3535 mg/kg LD50 Oral Rat > 10 g/kg

Substance(s) listed on the IARC Monographs:

TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Group 2B
Silica Sand	Group 1
BENZOPHENONE	Group 2B

Substance(s) listed as OSHA Carcinogen(s):

TITANIUM DIOXIDE
Silica Sand
BENZOPHENONE

Substance(s) listed as NIOSH Carcinogen(s):

TITANIUM DIOXIDE
Silica Sand

Substance(s) listed on the NTP report on Carcinogens:

Silica Sand

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Toxicity**

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
ZINC OXIDE	CAS: 1314-13-2 - EINECS: 215-222-5 - INDEX: 030-013- 00-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Danio rerio = 1.55 mg/L 96h ECHA
Silica Sand	CAS: 14808-60-7 - EINECS: 238-878-4	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 carp > 10000.00000 mg/L 72h
BENZOPHENONE	CAS: 119-61-9 - EINECS: 204-337-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas 13.2 mg/L 96h EPA

Persistence and degradability

N.A.

Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

Mobility in soil

N.A.

Other adverse effects

N.A.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

UN number

ADR-UN number: N.A.

DOT-UN Number: N.A.

IATA-Un number: N.A.

IMDG-Un number: N.A.

UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N.A.

DOT-Proper Shipping Name: N.A.

IATA-Technical name: N.A.

IMDG-Technical name: N.A.

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N.A.

DOT-Hazard Class: N.A.

IATA-Class: N.A.

IMDG-Class: N.A.

Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N.A.

DOT-Packing group: N.A.

IATA-Packing group: N.A.

IMDG-Packing group: N.A.

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: N.A.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

N.A.

Special precautions

Department of Transportation (DOT):

N.A.

Road and Rail (ADR-RID) :

N.A.

Air (IATA) :

N.A.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

USA - Federal regulations

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TSCA inventory:

All the components are listed on the TSCA inventory

TSCA listed substances:

TITANIUM DIOXIDE	is listed in TSCA	Section 8b
ZINC OXIDE	is listed in TSCA	Section 8b
Silica Sand	is listed in TSCA	Section 8b
BENZOPHENONE	is listed in TSCA	Section 8b Section 12b

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances:

No substances listed

Section 304 - Hazardous substances:

No substances listed

Section 313 - Toxic chemical list:

ZINC OXIDE

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

Substance(s) listed under CERCLA:

No substances listed

CAA - Clean Air Act

CAA listed substances:

BENZOPHENONE	is listed in CAA	Section 112(b) - HON
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CWA - Clean Water Act

CWA listed substances:

No substances listed

USA - State specific regulations

California Proposition 65

Substance(s) listed under California Proposition 65:

TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Listed as carcinogen
Silica Sand	Listed as carcinogen
BENZOPHENONE	Listed as carcinogen

Massachusetts Right to know

Substance(s) listed under Massachusetts Right to know:

TITANIUM DIOXIDE
ZINC OXIDE
Silica Sand

Pennsylvania Right to know

Substance(s) listed under Pennsylvania Right to know:

TITANIUM DIOXIDE
ZINC OXIDE
Silica Sand

New Jersey Right to know

Substance(s) listed under New Jersey Right to know:

TITANIUM DIOXIDE
ZINC OXIDE
Silica Sand

Canada - Federal regulations

DSL - Domestic Substances List

DSL Inventory:

All the substances are listed in the DSL.

NDSL - Non Domestic Substances List

NDSL Inventory:

No substances listed

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

Substances listed in NPRI:

No substances listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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Additional classification information

NFPA Health: 1 = Slight

NFPA Flammability: 1 = Combustible if heated

NFPA Reactivity: 0 = Minimal

NFPA Special Risk: N.A.



Reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this information, but the manufacturer makes no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to this information. The manufacturer makes no representations and assumes no liability for any direct, incidental or consequential damages resulting from its use. The information herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date given. It is the buyer's responsibility to ensure that its activities comply with Federal, State or provincial, and local laws.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Code	Description
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled, in contact with skin and if swallowed.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.